

Table 1. Effect of spent lime application on Beta 6447 and Crystal 999 sugarbeet root yields, sucrose percentage, recoverable sugar production, harvest population and gross return. (September 23), north of Fargo Airport, Fargo, 2003. Dr. Joseph Giles, Soil Science Department, NDSU.

LIME TREATMENT T/A	ROOT YIELD Tons/A	SUCROSE Percent	REC SUGAR Lbs/A	REC SUGAR Lbs/T	HARVEST BEETS /100 FT	GROSS RETURN \$/T	GROSS RETURN \$/A
<u>Beta 6447 *</u>							
0	22.0	17.0	6702	305	161	34.25	752
3	21.8	17.9	7060	325	164	38.76	840
6	21.5	17.9	7351	342	165	42.55	914
9	22.6	18.0	7594	336	171	41.11	929
LSD (.05)	ns	1.8	26	ns	ns	5.80	ns
<u>Crystal 999 **</u>							
0	23.5	17.4	7395	315	194	36.49	856
3	24.1	17.6	7720	320	188	37.58	906
6	24.4	17.9	8009	328	199	39.41	962
9	24.3	18.0	8004	329	201	39.66	963
LSD (.05)	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
<u>Mean</u>							
0	22.7	17.2	7048	310	178	35.37	804
3	22.9	17.7	7390	323	176	38.17	873
6	22.9	18.3	7680	335	182	40.98	938
9	23.5	18.2	7799	333	186	40.38	946
LSD (.05)	ns	0.8	611	18	9	3.99	105

* Susceptible Variety

** Tolerant Variety

Table 4. Yields, nitrogen (N), phosphorus (P) accumulation in crops grown in the 2004 growing season at the Breckenridge and Hillsboro Spent Lime Trial sites. Dr. Carol Windels, NWROC – U of Minnesota

Lime Rates	Total Dry Matter	N Accumulation	P accumulation	Grain Yield
<u>Tons A⁻¹</u>	<u>lbs. A-1</u>	<u>lbs. A-1</u>	<u>lbs. A-1</u>	<u>bu A-1</u>
Hillsboro Corn[§]				
0	14933	175	30.1	144
5	14933	175	31.2	140
10	14933	175	31.5	138
20	14933	175	32.3	134
30	14933	175	32.4	136
Single degree of freedom contrast of Spent lime Rates^{§§}				
Linear	ns	ns	*	**
Quadratic	ns	ns	ns	ns
Breckenridge Spring Wheat[§]				
0	9728	167	20.0	67.1
5	9728	167	20.6	65.7
10	9728	167	20.2	65.4
15	9728	167	23.5	61.6
20	9728	167	21.3	61.4
Single degree of freedom contrast of Spent lime Rates^{§§}				
Linear	ns	ns	**	**
Quadratic	ns	ns	ns	ns

[§] Where statistical analysis indicated no significant difference, the recorded value for each of the five spent lime rates are the average of the five rates.

^{§§} ns, ***, **, and * indicate non-significance and significance at the 0.001, 0.01, and 0.05 level of probability, respectively.

Table 5. Yields, nitrogen (N), phosphorus (P) accumulation in crops grown in the 2005 growing season at the Breckenridge Spent lime Trial site. Dr. Carol Windels, NWROC – U of Minneosta.

Lime rates	Total Dry Matter	N Accumulation	P Accumulation	Grain Yield
<u>Tons</u>^{A-1}	<u>lbs.</u>^{A-1}	<u>lbs.</u>^{A-1}	<u>lbs.</u>^{A-1}	<u>bu</u>^{A-1}
Breckenridge Spring Wheat[§]				
0	6623	77.0	10.9	36.2
5	7184	90.2	13.4	43.5
10	7434	90.1	13.9	44.8
15	7796	99.9	15.2	45.9
20	7714	95.3	12.8	46.0
Single degree of freedom contrast of Spent lime Rates				
Linear	***	***	*	**
Quadratic	*	*	**	ns

[§] Where statistical analysis indicated no significant difference, the recorded value for each of the five spent lime rates are the average of the five rates.

^{§§} ns,***,**, and * indicate non-significance and significance at the 0.001,0.01, and 0.05 level of probability, respectively.